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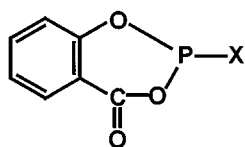
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## STRUCTURE OF 4-OXO-5,6-BENZO-1,3,2-DIOXAPHOSPHORINANES IN SOLUTION

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Structure of 4-oxo-5,6-benzo-1,3,2-dioxaphosphorinanes (salicylphosphites), compounds of P<sup>III</sup> that have a six-membered heterocycle ring joined to the planar fragments (a Ph ring and a carbonyl group), was studied by methods of dipole moments (DM) and IR spectroscopy (solutions of compounds in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> and CH<sub>3</sub>CN).



	X	dipole moment (expt.), D
1	N=C=O	— 4.23 (C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>6</sub> )
2	Cl	3.80 (CCl <sub>4</sub> ) 4.02 (C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>6</sub> )
3	NEt <sub>2</sub>	3.88 (CCl <sub>4</sub> ) 4.17 (C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>6</sub> )

SCHEME 1

In the IR spectra of compound **1** there were small changes in the region of all characteristic frequencies except isocyanate group (2256 cm<sup>-1</sup>). The latter indicated existence of only one conformation. Low conformational mobility of phosphoric heterocycle was even more conclusive for dioxaphosphorinane **2**:  $\nu(\text{P-Cl})$  480 cm<sup>-1</sup>. Identification of realizable conformations was carried out by the DM method. Experimental DM of salicylphosphites **1–3** are described by values calculated for the “sofa” form with an axial (N=C=O, NEt<sub>2</sub>) or an equatorial (Cl) exocyclic substituent.

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